**	Reading - Writing	Form	My Voice Unit Canonical Texts Transformations
<ul> <li>traditionally</li> <li>✓ The group of as worthy of regularly in p and in university</li> </ul>		The British Library	<ul> <li>Famous British Libraries</li> <li>Largest British library</li> <li>Created in 1973 (before then was part of the British Museum)</li> <li>Between 170 – 200 millions items (not all books) – 3 million items are added every year</li> <li>Over 625km of shelves – 9.6km of shelves are added every year</li> </ul>
• Texts are see	the position of respect and importance given to someone or something	The Bodleian Library	<ul> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> largest library in Britain</li> <li>In Oxford, linked to University of Oxford</li> <li>Opened in 1602 – one of the oldest libraries in the world</li> <li>Has over 12 million printed items in it.</li> </ul>
Public Library Reference Library	A library that is accessible by the general public, from which you can borrow books a library, typically one holding many reference books, in which the books are not for loan but	Chetham's Library	<ul> <li>Manchester</li> <li>Oldest free <b>public</b> reference library in the English-speaking world</li> <li>Established 1653</li> </ul>
Characterisation Setting	the way an author or a playwright describes or shows what a character is like the place where something is positioned or where an event takes place	The Library of Birmingham	<ul> <li>Birmingham</li> <li>Opened 2013</li> <li>Public library</li> <li>Contains: a state-of-the-art gallery space, a studio theatre, an outdoor amphitheater, and the British Film Institute Mediatheque.</li> </ul>
P → Is it mo > Is it	y are libraries important? important that we have books seen as re important than others? important that people know about certain oks and writers?	The Chained Library, Hereford	<ul> <li>Hereford</li> <li>Largest surviving library of its kind, with a striking collection of books secured to the shelves by chains.</li> <li>Around 1,500 books are displayed in the chamber, dating from the year 800 to the early 19th century.</li> </ul>

Exploration	Exploitation	Experimentation	
Explore Search Find new places/ people Discover Robinson Crusoe	Mistreat Manipulate Take advantage Abuse Oliver Twist	Experiment Investigate Test Research The Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and	
<ul> <li>✓ Daniel Defoe</li> <li>✓ 1719</li> <li>1. Survival</li> <li>2. Isolation</li> <li>3. Shipwreck</li> <li>4. Environment</li> <li>5. Colonialism</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓ Charles Dickens</li> <li>✓ 1838</li> <li>1. Orphan</li> <li>2. Poverty</li> <li>3. Work House</li> <li>4. Social Injustice</li> <li>5. Redemption</li> </ul>	✓       Robert Louis Stevenson         ✓       1886         1.       Duality         2.       Identity         3.       Transformation         4.       Consequences         5.       Obsession	
Treasure Island	The Chimney Sweeper	<u>Frankenstein</u>	
<ul> <li>Robert Louis Stevenson</li> <li>Published: 1883</li> <li>Buccaneer</li> <li>Map</li> <li>Greed</li> <li>Bravery</li> <li>Betrayal</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓ William Blake</li> <li>✓ Songs of Innocence 1789</li> <li>✓ Songs of Experience 1794</li> <li>1. Innocence</li> <li>2. Hope</li> <li>3. Social Injustice</li> <li>4. Suffering</li> <li>5. Corruption</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓ Mary Shelley</li> <li>✓ Published anonymously</li> <li>✓ 1818</li> <li>1. Creation</li> <li>2. Ambition</li> <li>3. Monstrosity</li> <li>4. Responsibility</li> <li>5. Revenge</li> </ul>	

What do you notice about:

Dates? Gender of writers? How the women writers published their work?