ALGEBRAIC TECHNIQUES...

@whisto_maths	indices
	r the number that tells you how many times to use the number in multiplication r the number that tells you how many times to use the number in multiplication exponent. sed to multiply a variable
Oddition/Subtraction with indices	Multiply expressions with indices
Coefficient Power $5x^2 + 4x^4$ Term Term Each square represents x^2 and each cube represents x^4 Couply similar terms can be simplified	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
If they have different powers, they are unlike terms $5x^2 + 2x^2 \longrightarrow 7x^2$	$ \begin{array}{c} 2b^{4} \times 3b^{2} \\ \equiv 2 \times b \times b \times b \times b \times 3 \times b \times b \\ \equiv 2 \times 3 \times b \\ \equiv 6 b^{6} \end{array} $ There are often misconceptions with this calculation but break down the powers
$5x^{2} + 6x^{4} - 3x^{2} + x^{4} \longrightarrow 2x^{2} + 7x^{4}$	$\frac{3^{5} \times 3^{2}}{(3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3) \times (3 \times 3)} \longrightarrow 3^{7}$
Divide expressions with indices	The base number is all the same so the terms can be simplified
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$\frac{5a^{3}b^{2}}{5ab^{6}} \rightarrow \frac{5xaxaxaxbxb}{3x5xaxbxbxbxbxbxbxbxbxbxb} \rightarrow \frac{a^{2}}{3b^{4}}$	$3^{5} \div 3^{2} \longrightarrow 3^{3}$
Cross cancelling factors shows cancels the expression	$\frac{3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3}{3 \times 3} \rightarrow \frac{3^3}{3^0} \rightarrow \frac{3^3}{1}$
$\frac{23 \text{ a}^7 \text{ y}^2}{5 \text{ d} \text{ b}^6}$ This expression cannot be divided (cancelled down) because there are no common factors or similar terms	Subtraction law for indices $a^{m} \div a^{n} = a^{m-n}$
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